

## ■ 천재 (정사열) 3학년 분사, 본문 변형, 서술형 ■

- 1) ③ (시험 결과는 실망감을 주므로 disappointing)
- 2) ① (paying → paid)
- 3) ① (지각동사의 OC는 현재분사 / ② 목적어, ③ 전치사의 목적어, ④ 주어, ⑤ 명사의 용도로 쓰인 동명사)
- 4) ② (보기: S 동명사 / ① O 동명사 / ② 진행 현재분사 / ③ O 동명사 / ④ 전치사의 O 동명사 / ⑤ C 동명사)
- 5) ③ (① O 동명사 / ② 전치사의 O 동명사 / ③ 진행 현재분사 / ④ S 동명사 / ⑤ O 동명사)
- 6) ③, ⑤ (① 시제가 다르므로 Having finished / ② 시제만 다르고 능동의 관계이므로 Having read / ④ Knowing)
- 7) ④ (arrive → arrives)
- 8) ④ (① Our dinner being over / ② having set / ③ It being rainy / ⑤ Not having been cleaned~)
- 9) big enough
- 10) enough
- 11) to solve
- 12) but
- 13) also
- 14) hiking but also riding a bike.
- 15) big enough for me to read.
- 16) We were brave enough to face the strong enemy.
- 17) Ted is so old that he can talk about the topic.
- 18) He has not only knowledge but also experience.
- 19) I have to look after the children as well as feed the animals.
- 20) enough to understand the novel
- 21) She was rich enough to buy
- 22) This book is what I needed.
- 23) My brother got what he wanted.
- 24) I couldn't understand what he said.

## ■ 천재 (정사열) 3학년 분사, 본문 변형, 서술형 ■

- 25) What you did was very brave.
- 26) Visiting Busan
- 27) Working as a pilot
- 28) Climbing a mountain
- 29) singing a song
- 30) Having a cold
- 31) Arriving at the airport
- 32) Walking along the street
- 33) This is what she likes.
- 34) What he said is true.
- 35) I know what you did yesterday.
- 36) This book is what I want to buy.
- 37) Watching TV
- 38) Listening to music
- 39) Eating an apple
- 40) This water is clean enough (for us) to drink. = This water is so clean that we can drink it.
- 41) This math problem is easy enough (for me) to solve. = This math problem is so easy that I can solve it.
- 42) Kate ran too fast for me to catch. = Kate ran so fast that I couldn't catch her.
- 43) Kate not only runs fast but also jumps high. = Kate jumps high as well as runs fast.
- 44) Not only Jake but also you are a student. = You as well as Jake are a student.
- 45) Not only you but also he runs fast. = He as well as you runs fast.
- 46) My younger brother was glad to get not only a toy car but also a toy robot.  
= My younger brother was glad to get a toy robot as well as a toy car.
- 47) Because(=As=Since) he was tired, he went to bed earlier. = (Being) Tired, he went to bed earlier.
- 48) Though I admit what you say, I still don't believe it. = Admitting what you say, I still don't believe it.

## ■ 천재 (정사열) 3학년 분사, 본문 변형, 서술형 ■

- 49) Because(=As=Since) I live in the countryside, I am very healthy. = Living in the countryside, I am very healthy.
- 50) After he had read the novel, he fell asleep. = Having read the novel, he fell asleep.
- 51) Because(=As=Since) the book was written in haste, the book has many mistakes.  
= (Having been) Written in haste, the book has many mistakes.
- 52) Because(=As=Since) I didn't know what to say, I remained silent.  
= Not knowing what to say, I remained silent.
- 53) Because(=As=Since) I hadn't read this magazine, I couldn't tell you about it.  
= Not having read this magazine, I couldn't tell you about it.
- 54) Because(=As=Since) the room hadn't been cleaned for a long time, the room was really dusty.  
= Not (having been) cleaned for a long time, the room was really dusty.
- 55) When(=As) our dinner was over, we went out for a walk.  
= Our dinner being over, we went out for a walk.
- 56) Because(=As=Since) it was rainy, I had to stay at home. = It being rainy, I had to stay at home.
- 57) Because(=As=Since) there was no seat in the bus, I kept standing all the way.  
= There being no seat in the bus, I kept standing all the way.
- 58) This bag is what I bought yesterday. = This bag is the thing which(=that=생략) I bought yesterday.
- 59) Baseball is what I like most. = Baseball is the thing which(=that=생략) I like most.
- 60) The flood victims received what they needed.  
= The flood victims received the thing which(=that) they needed.